## AFRICAN INSTITUTE FOR MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES <br> SCHOOLS ENRICHMENT CENTRE (AIMSSEC) <br> AIMING HIGH

Sweets

## SAME SWEETS



Six bags of sweets each contain green, white, yellow, orange and red sweets with equal numbers of each colour ( 5 flavours). You pick sweets from different bags without looking.

If you pick 2 sweets what different combinations of colours can you get?
If you pick 2 sweets how likely are you to pick two of the same colour?
If you pick 6 sweets what is the probability that two are the same colour?

## HELP

One of the 'golden rules' of problem solving is to work on simple cases when a problem seems difficult.

If you find this problem difficult first solve the simpler problem for a bag of sweets with only 2 colours. Ask the same questions.
If you pick 2 sweets how likely are you to pick two of the same colour?
If you pick 6 sweets what is the probability that two are the same colour?
After that, progress to a bag of sweets with three colours and solve the same problem. Then solve the problem for a bag of sweets with 4 colours.

You should then easily be able to solve the problem for 5 colours.

## NEXT

What is the probability that, in a group of 6 people, two people have birthdays in the same month?

What if the group has 7 people?
What if the group has more than twelve people?
https://aiminghigh.aimssec.ac.za/same-birth-month/

